

TWAIN (Towards) Integrated, Value-based, Multi-objective Wind Farm Control powered by AI



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DTU Wind & Energy Systems



Funded by
the European Union

Consortium



CENER

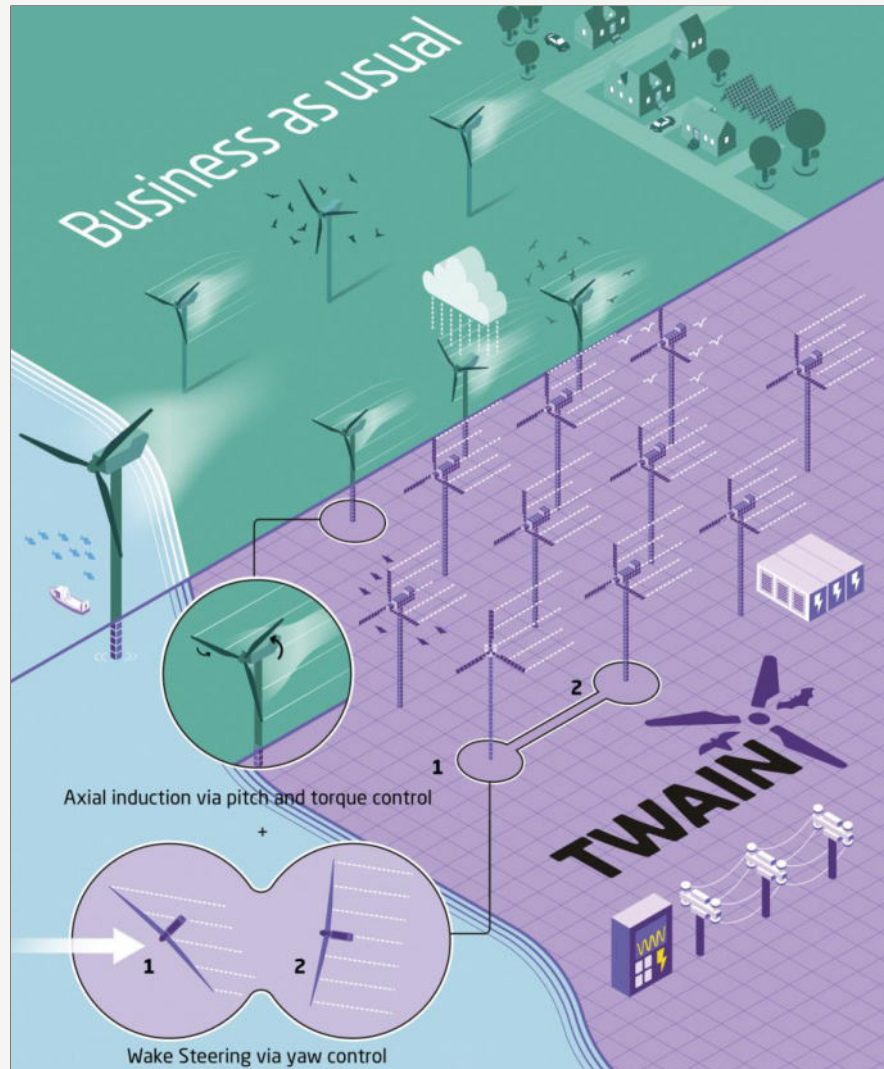
CENTRO NACIONAL DE
ENERGÍAS RENOVABLES



Technische Universität München



TWAIN Narrative



Turbines interact with each other & their environment

- Communication through turbine controllers
 - Greedy
- Aerodynamic interaction within the wind farm & interface with the environmental surroundings
 - Smart & Aware
- Digitalisation of the processes & value
- Operation management
- Decision making
- Integration at the design phase



Social Aspects

- Emitted, Propagated and perceived noise
- How can we mitigate for higher acceptability & affordability of green electricity?



Wildlife

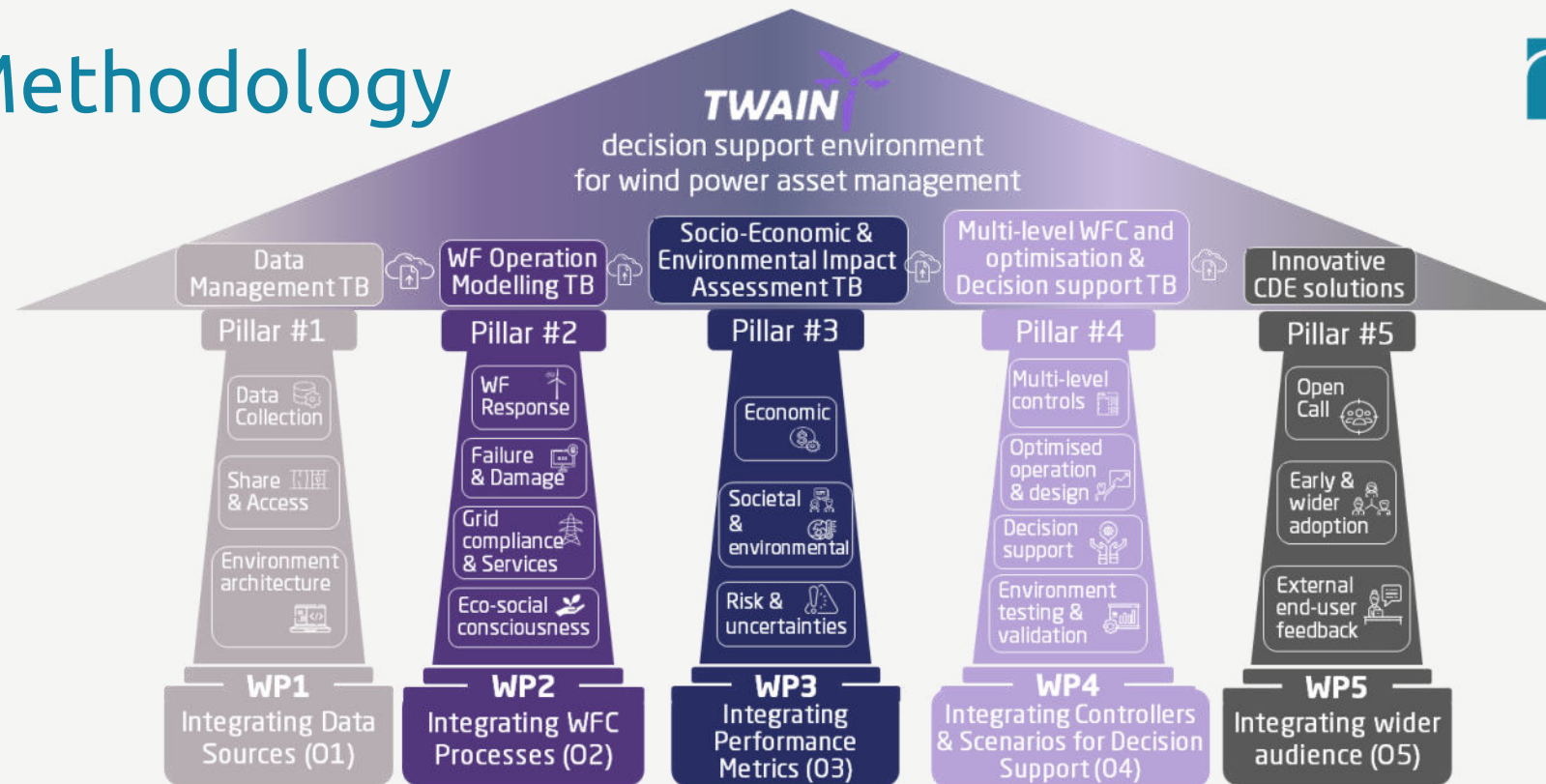
- Birds & bats around the turbines
- Curtailed or interrupted operation
- How does it affect the revenue stream and optimum operation?



Precipitation & Rain

- Drivers of leading-edge erosion
 - (un)scheduled repairs □ higher O&M costs
 - Mitigated through torque control
- How can we include that in the controller hierarchy & value chain?

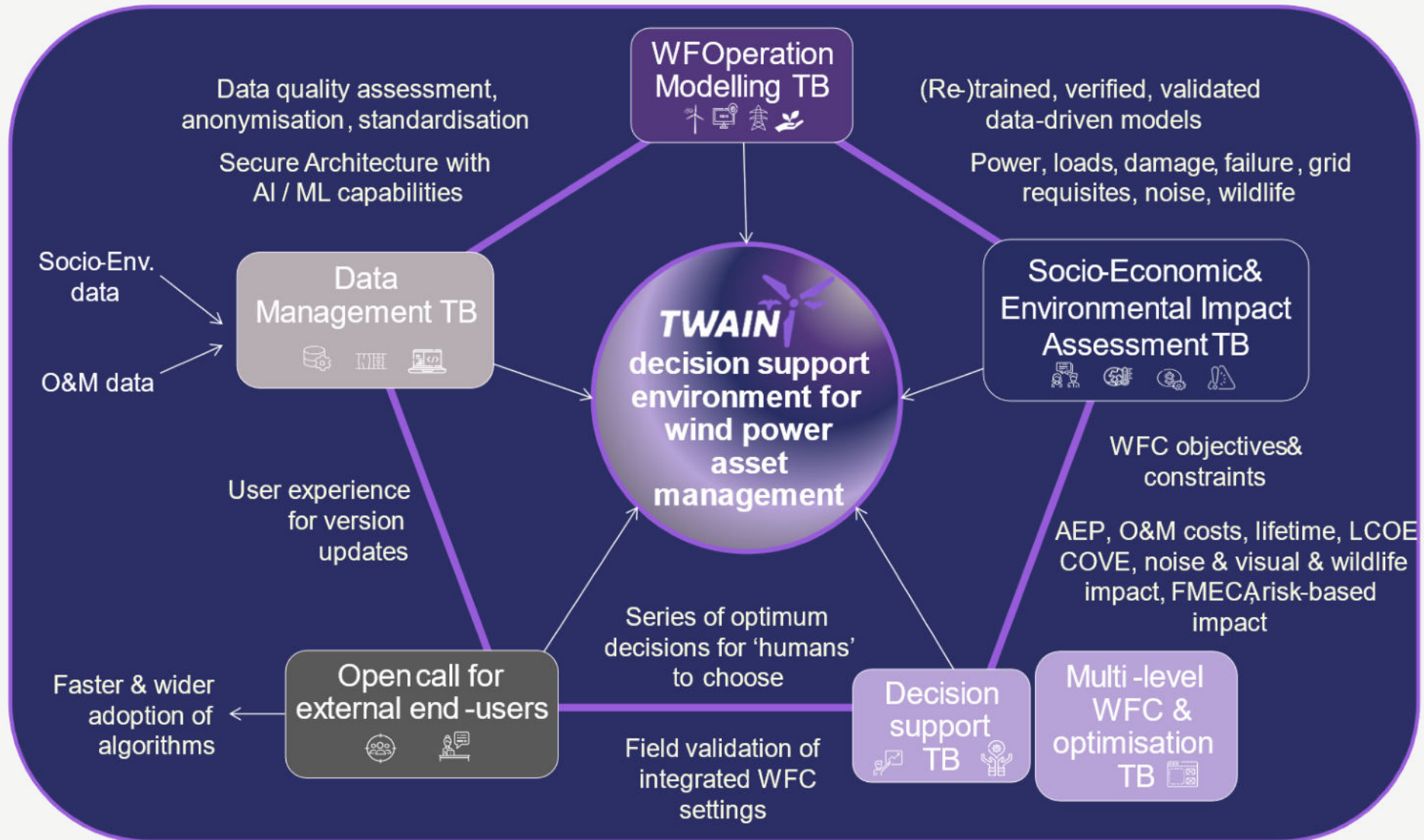
TWAIN Methodology



To support WF owners/operators to make better decisions for system-wide optimised performance, TWAIN's concept pivots on a **full-integration of WFC** at five different levels:

- 1) Integration of multi-source and multi-format data of varied nature from WFs in different life stages
- 2) AI-enabled Integration of multi-disciplinary processes and phenomena affecting the WF operation
- 3) Integration of multi-objective prospects of WFC to assess the *true* added value of a certain operation mode
- 4) Integration of multi-level controllers and scenario analyses in decision support provision for harmonious co-existence of WPPs with their environment and society via optimised operation and design
- 5) Integration of wider audience to TWAIN outcomes

TWAIN Outcome & Interactions among toolboxes TWAIN



TWAIN Case Studies



Environmental & Social Ramifications

Objectives	Constraints
<p>Economic</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • ↓ LCOE • ↑ revenue <p>Societal & Environmental</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • ↓ carbon footprint <p>Risk & uncertainties</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • ↑ security, stability and reliability of electricity supply • ↓ integrated risk 	<p>Societal & Environmental</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Noise constraints • Wildlife constraints (FR) <p>Risk & uncertainties</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • ↑ resilience <p>• Application to ENGIE WF in France</p>



Adaptability to Offshore

Objectives	Constraints
<p>Economic</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • ↓ LCOE • ↑ revenue <p>Societal & Environmental</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • ↓ carbon footprint <p>Risk & uncertainties</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • ↑ security, stability and reliability of electricity supply • ↓ integrated risk 	<p>Risk & uncertainties</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • ↑ resilience, adaptability and generalisability of AI for large offshore WFs <p>• Application to Vattenfall WF, Lillgrund in the Baltic Sea</p>



Layout co-design with WFC: next generation WTs

Objectives	Constraints
<p>Economic</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • ↓ LCOE • ↑ revenue <p>Societal & Environmental</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • ↓ carbon footprint <p>Risk & uncertainties</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • ↑ security, stability and reliability of electricity supply • ↓ integrated risk with 20+MW WTs 	<p>Societal & Environmental</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • ↓ use of land via closer spacing <p>Risk & uncertainties</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • ↑ resilience under climate change and renewables-driven energy system & markets



Towards the end of life: Extension or Repowering?

Objectives	Constraints
<p>Economic</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • ↓ LCOE • ↑ revenue <p>Societal & Environmental</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • ↓ carbon footprint <p>Risk & uncertainties</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • ↑ security, stability and reliability of electricity supply • ↓ integrated risk 	<p>Societal & Environmental</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • ↓ use of land via closer spacing • ↓ visual impact via repowering <p>Risk & uncertainties</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • ↑ resilience <p>• Application to 15+ years old ENGIE WF in Germany</p>

TWAIN Campaigns: Risø Field Tests

- DTU, supported by CENER and EDF, will perform the field test at Risø WF to **validate the expected gains** for
 - **power maximisation under structural load constraints** via wake control, and
 - **income maximisation** with variable market scenario under load constraints
- 2 x Vestas V27 turbines



TWAIN Data Environment Overview

Objective:

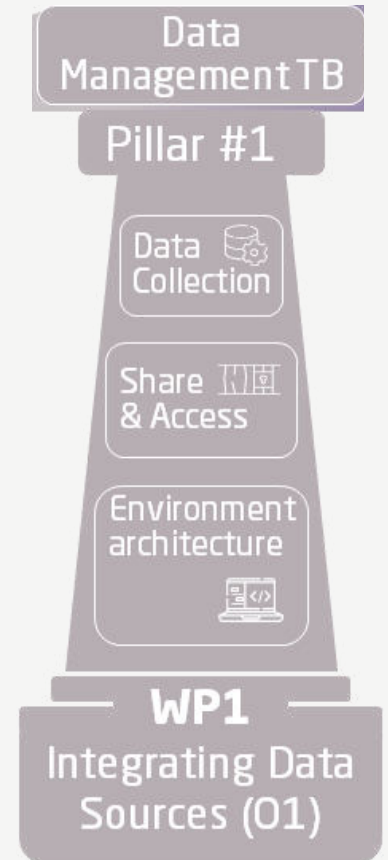
- Design a framework to integrate different data sources while meeting business and technical requirements
- Ensure data integrity, standardization, and compliance with regulations

Framework Features:

- Open-source: Encourages collaboration and transparency
- Interoperable: Seamlessly integrates with various data sources
- Secure: Implements multiple layers of security to protect data

Development Phases:

- Design Phase: Architecture vision development and framework assessment
- Implementation Phase: Technological setup and deployment of data environment components



TWAIN Data Env.: Key Components & Processes



Architecture Vision:

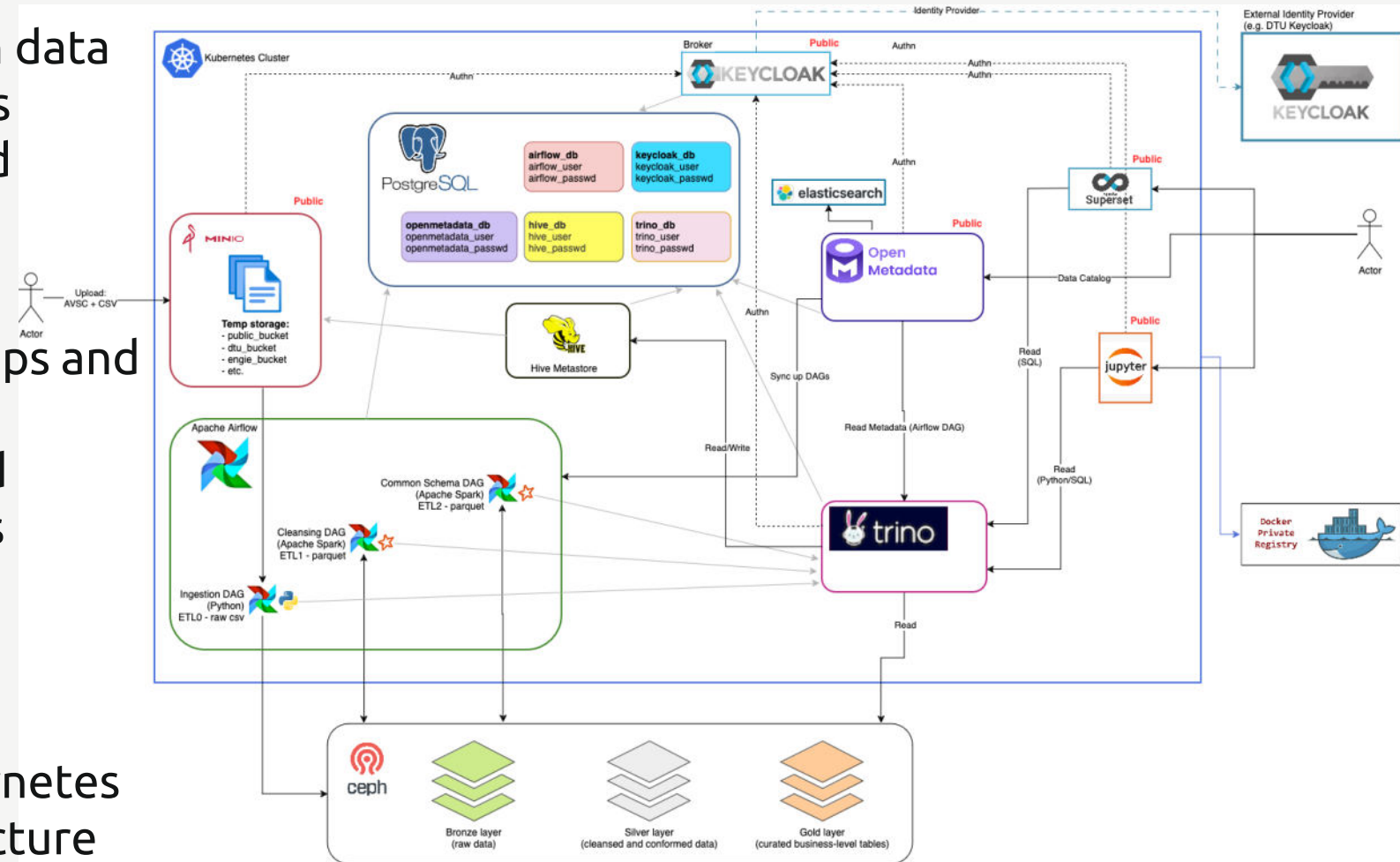
- Developed with input from data owners through workshops
- Includes security layers and constraints

Framework Features:

- Quality attributes workshops and use case validations
- Partner questionnaires and meetings to validate drafts

Implementation Highlights:

- End-to-end architecture components implemented
- Deployment to local Kubernetes clusters and DTU infrastructure
- Demonstrations for the consortium



TWAIN Data Env.: Security & Data Management



Security Measures:

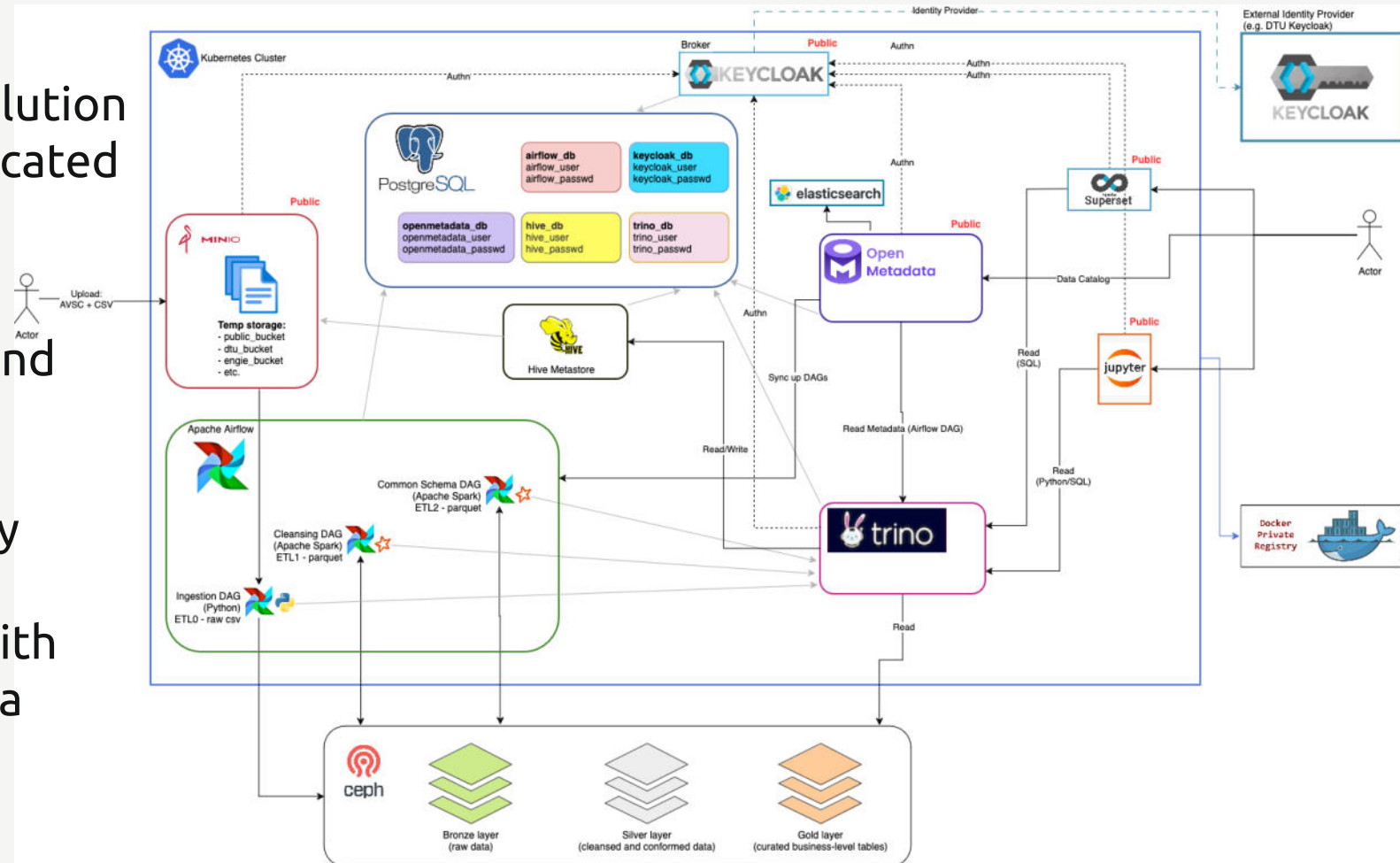
- Three levels of security: infrastructure, data, and solution
- Access control for authenticated and authorized users

Data Management:

- Data acquisition, storage, and processing
- Data standardization methodology with ontology integration rules
- Automated environment with security constraints for data access

Next Steps

- Conduct user testing with PUBLIC ACCESS and release MVP v.0





Thank you



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